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CIA HISTORICAL REVIEW PROGRAM RELEASE AS SANTIZED

not to f.

Mrs. Jean H. Marburg, TER/MFZ/DFI

2 October 1962

THRU:

Comments and Information Relating to "
Dismeter Pipe in the USSF

deport on Large

Soviet Pipeline System,
19 September 1962, to Y

Representatives of the Ferrous Metals Branch and the Fuels Branch of the Office of Besearch and Reports have examined the referenced document and offer the following communication and edifficient information for your consideration in preparing a response senorandom:

- A. Soviet Capability to Produce 40-inch Pipe:
- 1. Soviet production of 40-inch pipe during 1962-65 is estimated by the UK at 850,000 tons (UK enclosure, per. 3). As is implied in par. 3 of the summary of UB comments on semorandum, acceptance of the estimate requires some qualifications. Presently swallable intelligence information suggests that the 850,000 ton figure probably should be viewed as the upper limit of production, barring a crash program for expanding output, rather than a minimum estimate as is implied by per. 5 of 40-a closure.
- 2. The USSR has put in operation only two mills capable of producing 40-inch pipe. The first began operating on a limited basis late in 1961 at Movo Moskovsk. Apparently this is not an efficient operation (the facilities were described as "obsolete" in the Soviet press) and the plant was continuing to experience production problems incidental to start-up early in 1962. The only other source of production of 40-inch pipe is the Endanov Hyich plant where production of the first "batches" of pipe was amounced in a report published in April 1962.
- J. Two additional miles are planned to be put in operation in 1963. One is under construction at the Chelyabinsk Tube Works, which after 1962 is planned to be the main sumplier of 40-inch pipe. Construction of these facilities has been behind schedule since the

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project was started in January 1962. Berring a reversal of present trends, this capacity is unlikely to be completed and to have gone through the initial period of adjustment that is incidental to starting-up operations of such facilities before the close of 1963. This would mean that relatively little cutput would be obtained from this plant until early in 1964. The only other new capacity is planned for Movo Moskovsk, where new construction apparently was begun only in August 1962. This suggests that it will be near the end of 1963 before even initial production can be expected from this mill.

4. As the estimates indicate, Soviet production of 40-inch pipe is unlikely to reach a sizable amount before 1964. However, it is questionable whether the production levels forecast for 1966-65 should be viewed as minimum levels, as can be inferred 1 22-

B. Soviet Requirements for 40-inch Pipe

At risk of repeating information which this Office has previously provided Department of State, we would note that the Seven Year Plan for the UBSR (1959-65) calls for the construction of about 8,000 kilometers of 40-inch oil and gas pipeline. Such construction will require about 2.4 million metric toms of pipe. This Office's most current estimate: of contracts and deliveries of such pipe is as follows:

Soviet Purchases of 40-Inch Steel Line Pipe From the West (1959 to Mid-1962 a/ (Metric Tons)

| Exporting Country | Quantity Already Delivered | Quantity Remaining on Contract | Total |
|-------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|------------|
| West Germany | 500,000 | 205,000 <u>b</u> / | 705,000 |
| Italy | 95,000 | 85,000 e/ | 180,000 4/ |
| Sweden | 37,000 | <u>98,∞∞</u> e/ | 135,000 |
| Total | 632,000 | 388,000 | 1,020,000 |

a. There were no deliveries of 40-inch line pipe from the West to the USER before 1959.

b. Delivery dates not known.

c. To be completed by 1964.

d. The original pipe contract with Italy called for delivery of 240,000 tons of 40-inch pipe, but Italy, in response to pressure from the UE, was able to secure a 60,000 ton reduction in this contract.

C. The following comments on the status of construction on some of the major sectors of the Boviet Bloc pipeline systems represent a summary of the most recent information available to this Office and may be of some help to you in your current project:

^{1.} The section of the USER-Satellite pipeline from Brody (USSR) to Bratislava (Czechoslovakia) went into operation in the early vinter 1962. In early July 1962 it was reported that a total of about 1

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million metric tons of crude oil had been shipped through the line.

- 2. The branch line from Sahy (Czechoslovakia) to Szazhalombatts (Hungary) was reported to be undergoing pressure tests early in the summer of 1962, with the expectation of initial operations beginning in the late summer or early fall.
- 3. The construction of the line across Poland was reported to have been about half completed as of July 1962.
- 4. Within the UESR, construction has been reported underway on all sectors of the USSR-European Satellite crude oil line. Early in the Spring of 1962, it was reported in the Soviet press that work was underway on the eastern end of the pipeline out of Kuybyshev. This was the first positive indication of use of 40-inch dismeter pipe by the USSR in oil pipeline construction.